



1st International Summer Snowfall Workshop

An Application Programming Interface for Synthetic Snowflake Particle Structure and Scattering Data

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Outline



- Motivations for Development
- Navigating the Interface from Registration to Data Acquisition
- Live Demo



Motivations for Development



- Dr. Kwo-Sen Kuo's OpenSSP Database contains statistical data for over 9000 synthetic snowflakes and scattering information for each at 15 representative frequencies.
- Researchers only need segments of the data to test its usefulness and integrate it into models.
- The OpenSSP API and Query Builder enable the acquisition of targeted subsets of the database, both by particle size and family, and by binned particle size distribution.
- The Query Builder page also offers access to raw data archives and particle structure files.





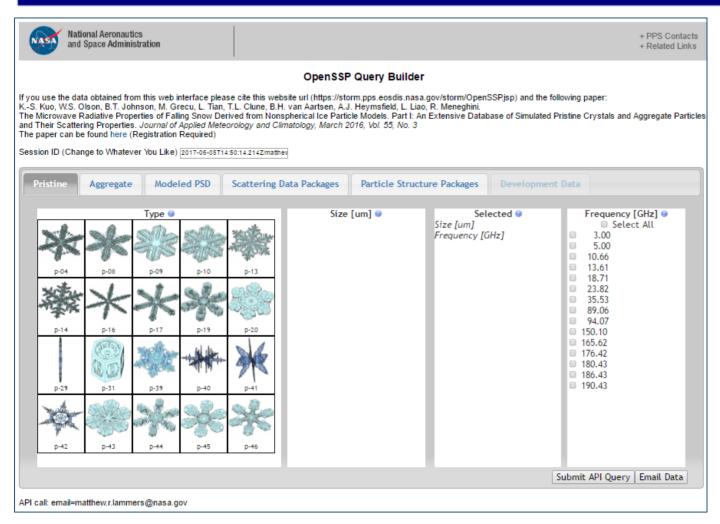
The website is located at the following URL: https://storm.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov/storm/OpenSSP.jsp

Secure https://storm.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov/storm/OpenSSP.jsp	
National Aeronautics and Space Administration	+ PPS Contacts + Related Links
OpenSSP Query Builder	
Registration Email: Don't have a registered email? Register here!	
If you use the data obtained from this web interface please cite this website url (https://storm.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov/storm/OpenSSP.jsp) and the following paper: KS. Kuo, W.S. Olson, B.T. Johnson, M. Grecu, L. Tian, T.L. Clune, B.H. van Aartsen, A.J. Heymsfield, L. Liao, R. Meneghini. The Microwave Radiative Properties of Falling Snow Derived from Nonspherical Ice Particle Models. Part I: An Extensive Database of Simulated Pristine Crystals and Aggregate Particles, and Their Scattering Properties. Journal of Applied Meteorology and Climatology, March 2016, Vol. 55, No. 3 The paper can be found here (Registration Required)	
Credits Lead Scientist: Kwo-Sen Kuo Contributing Scientists: Ziad S. Haddad, William S. Olson, Simone Tanelli, John Kwiatkowski Web Developer: Matt Lammers Database Scientist: Noppasin Niamsuwan Version Information OpenSSP API Version 17.05.001 Version Notes	

Using the interface requires an email registered at https://registration.pps.eosdis.nasa.gov. Once complete, entering the email and pressing "Submit" takes you to the Query Builder interface.



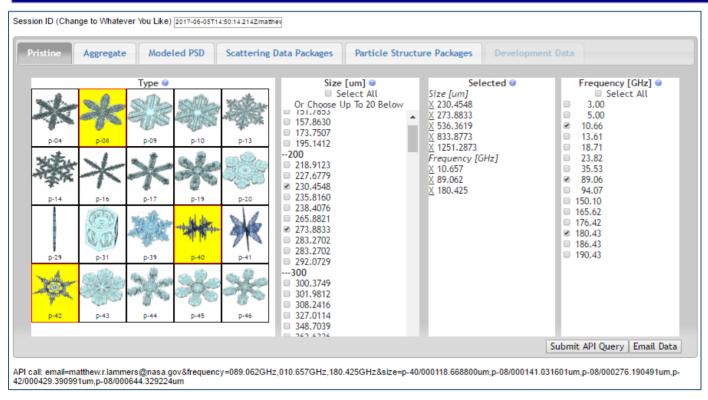




There are five available tabs upon inputting a registered email. The first three are for API queries, the last two for raw data.







In Pristine (or Aggregate):

- Select one or more types
- Select up to 20 discrete sizes (or all sizes) from the list
- Select one or more frequencies (or all).
- Press "Submit API Query" or "Email Data"





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180.425 1662.7000 p-08 r20100916-08 0038000 1251.287353 4614.38 0.019966431 0.3574 2.6904 2.6430 0.0474 0.6627 1.12049997E9 849595.3 2.753E7 644.3292 520.0332 1480.124 127.6454 2737.038 2839.267 0.24720553 3.0

#OpenSSPAPI Version 17 05 001

#Email: matthew.r.lammers@nasa.gov

Frequency[GHz] Wvingth[um] Shape KOI Size[um] D max[um] tho D max[g/cm^3] Q bk Q ext Q sca Q abs g Volume[um^3] Prj Area[um^2] Sfc Area[um^2] r eq vol[um] r eq prj[um] r eq sfc[um] L lx[um] L lx[um] L ly[um] tho elps[g/cm^3] d fractal 089.062 3368.5000 p-40 r20100916-40 0003000 230.454810 807.7747 0.02325176 1.1711E-4 0.0022887 0.0011317 0.001157 0.0541 7000000.0 92500.0 625000.0 118.6688 171.5915 223.0155 109.8419 306.8845 519.9065 0.0874115 3.0 089.062 3368.5000 p-08 r20100916-08 0001500 273.883369 406.20193 0.30693084 3.2291E-4 0.0044909 0.0028788 0.0016121 0.0189 1.175E7 40000.0 405000.0 141.0316 112.8379 179.524 61.61492 234.1522 249.1568 0.7153515 3.0 089.062 3368.5000 p-08 r20100916-08 0006000 536.361934 1250.9996 0.07891722 0.0041841 0.0521 0.0477 0.0044025 0.1046 8.825E7 147500.0 2970000.0 276.1905 216.6812 486.1533 84.61565 665.6495 681.9448 0.5028144 3.0 0.089.062 3368.5000 p-42 r20100916-42 0021500 833.877305 6450.194 0.0021635033 0.0044749 0.0490 0.0434 0.0055746 0.4738 3.31624992E8 717441.4 1.3495E7 429.391 477.8793 1036.291 131.0673 6170.292 6300.725 0.014242795 3.0 180.425 1662.7000 p-08 r20100916-08 0001500 273.883369 406.20193 0.30693084 0.0048266 0.0562 0.0498 0.0063838 0.0740 1.175E7 40000.0 405000.0 141.0316 112.8379 179.524 61.61492 234.1522 249.1568 0.7153515 3.0 180 425 1662 7000 p-08 r20100916-08 0006000 536 361934 1250 9996 0 07891722 0 0239 0 5903 0 5711 0 0192 0 3534 8 825E7 147500 0 2970000 0 276 1905 216 6812 486 1533 84 61565 665 6495 681 9448 0 5028144 3 0 180.425 1662.7000 p-42 r20100916-42 0021500 833.877305 6450.194 0.0021635033 0.0698 0.3624 0.3408 0.0216 0.4670 3.31624992E8 717441.4 1.3495E7 429.391 477.8793 1036.291 131.0673 6170.292 6300.725 0.014242795 3.0

#Variable Explanations #KOI: Kuo Original Identifier used when generating the synthetic snowflakes

#D max: maximum dimension/diameter

#rho D max; snow density based on D max, ice mass of the particle divided by the volume of a sphere with D max as its diameter

#O bk: backscattering efficiency

#O ext: extinction efficiency

#O sca: scattering efficiency

#O abs: absorption efficiency

#g: asymmetry factor

#Pri Area: orientation-averaged projection area of the particle

#Sfc Area: surface area of the particle

#r eq vol: radius of a sphere having the same volume as the ice mass of the particle

#r eq prj: radius of a sphere having the same projection area as the orientation-averaged projection area of the particle

#r eq sfc: radius of a sphere having the same surface area as that of the particle

#L lx: length of the shortest axis of a circumscribing ellipsoid of the particle that is parallel to the axis of maximum moment of inertia

#L ly: length of the intermediate axis of a circumscribing ellipsoid perpendicular to both axes of the maximum and minimum moments of inertia

#L Iz: length of the longest axis of a circumscribing ellipsoid of the particle that is parallel to the axis of minimum moment of inertia

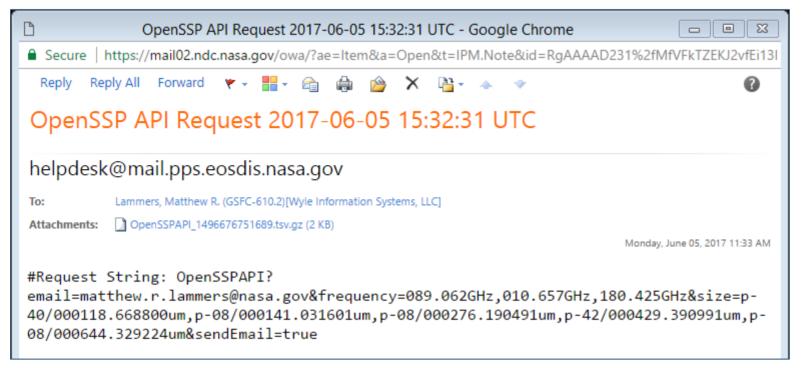
#rho elps: snow density based on the circumscribing ellipsoid, ice mass of the particle divided by the volume of the circumscribing ellipsoid

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Upon pressing the "Submit API Query" button, the API response will open up in a new tab. Variable explanations are listed below the data.







If instead you press the "Email Data" button, an email is sent to the registered email address containing the query request string and an attached comma-separated value/tab-separated value file.

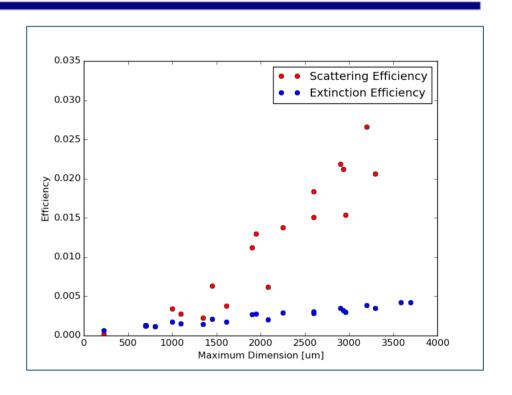
This can be extremely useful for large queries where waiting for the data to load in a new tab in browser could be tedious.





import urllib import numpy as np import matplotlib as m m.use('Agg') #Because I am doing this on a server with no video drivers import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

plt.plot(osspArray[0], osspArray[1], 'ro', label='Scattering Efficiency') plt.plot(osspArray[0], osspArray[2], 'bo', label='Extinction Efficiency') plt.legend() plt.xlabel('Maximum Dimension[um]') plt.ylabel('Efficiency') plt.savefig('ScattAbs.png')



Here is an example of how the OpenSSP API can be utilized without the Query Builder interface. I used Python to grab data from the API in tsv format, parsed it using the NumPy library, and then generated a basic plot using Matplotlib.





LIVE DEMO...